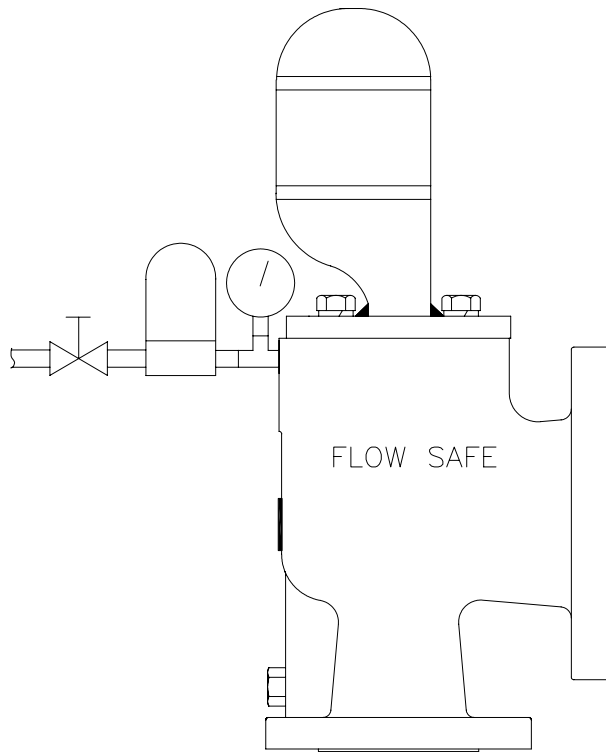




FLOW SAFE

Environmental Performance for Industry!

F9000 SERIES SURGE RELIEF VALVE



INSTALLATION, OPERATION, & MAINTENANCE MANUAL

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Approved by: _____

Design Engineer

Service Manager

Engineering Manager

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Topic</u>	<u>Page</u>
1.0 General	3
2.0 Description, Operation, Service Envelope, Installation, & Startup	
2.1 Description / Operation	4
2.2 Service Envelope	5
2.3 Installation.....	5
2.4 Startup	5
3.0 Main Valve Maintenance	
3.1 Disassembly of the F9000 Series Main Valve.....	6
3.2 Reassembly of the F9000 Series Main Valve	8
4.0 Set Pressure Adjustment and Main Valve Testing	
4.1 Set Pressure Adjustment	9
4.2 Testing of the Main Valve Subassembly.....	9
5.0 Troubleshooting Guide	10
6.0 Softgoods Kits.....	11

1.0 GENERAL

- 1) This manual is intended to provide users with direction and guidance for the maintenance of FLOW SAFE F9000 Series surge relief valves. This manual indicates the proper method of valve disassembly, soft goods replacement, and valve reassembly. FLOW SAFE provides this manual as a guideline and reference only. It is not intended to serve as a training manual or manufacturing guide. FLOW SAFE assumes no responsibility for personal or property damage that may occur in conjunction with this manual.
- 2) FLOW SAFE recommends that all valves be placed on a regular maintenance schedule that includes the routine replacement of softgoods. FLOW SAFE recommends softgoods replacement every three years but cautions that each customer make their own determination and set their own schedule based upon use and environment. FLOW SAFE believes that when maintenance and reassembly is performed as outlined in this manual there is no safety hazard.

Cycling the valve at least once a year is considered to be good practice to verify operation.
- 3) When a new valve leaves FLOW SAFE, it has been manufactured and tested by trained and experienced personnel. When you remove a valve from your system and perform the maintenance tasks that are outlined herein you will need proper training.

Do **not** attempt to accomplish these tasks without adequate training and understanding of the valve operation.
- 4) Any and all stated or implied warranties that are in effect during the purchase of a new FLOW SAFE valve are null and void once the valve has been disassembled by someone other than approved FLOW SAFE personnel.
- 5) It is highly recommended that all instructions herein be read in full prior to any assembly, disassembly, or operation of this equipment.
- 6) The noted manufacturer's standard lubricants should be used only if compatible with process fluid and application.
- 7) Specific design details described in this document are subject to change without notice.
- 8) Should the need arise for general assistance, contact the FLOW SAFE Sales department at (716) 662-2585 or (800) 828-1036. For more detailed technical assistance, contact the FLOW SAFE Engineering department at (716) 667-3640.

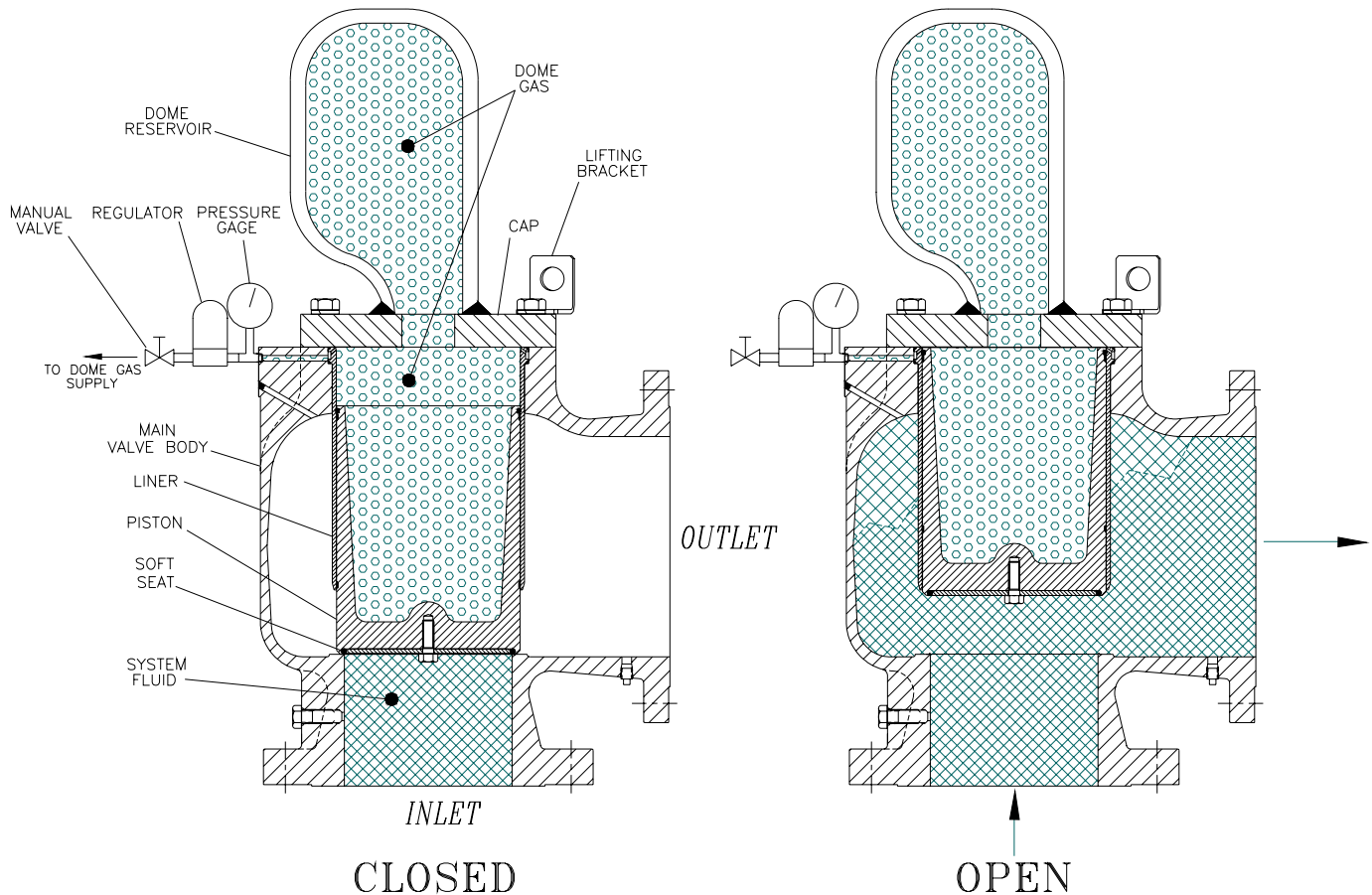
2.0 DESCRIPTION, OPERATION, SERVICE ENVELOPE, INSTALLATION, and STARTUP

2.1 DESCRIPTION / OPERATION

FLOW SAFE F9000 Series surge relief valves are a variation of the F7000 pilot-operated valve series and are intended for liquid systems. Operating without a pilot, the surge relief valve provides rapid opening of the main piston in the event of an overpressure condition at the inlet. A trapped volume of gas in the “dome” (space above the piston) provides a steady downward force to seat the piston until the moment that set pressure is reached. This gas volume then compresses slightly to allow piston movement upward to full lift as dictated by continued inlet pressure increases and the need for more relief capacity. Full lift occurs by approximately 30 – 40% overpressure. The piston closes when inlet pressure decreases to the set point.

Dome gas pressure is maintained by an external air or nitrogen source connected to the dome through a self-relieving regulator provided with the valve. The regulator compensates for ambient temperature changes that would otherwise affect dome gas pressure and, consequently, valve set pressure. Other than maintaining dome pressure, the regulator is independent of main valve opening and closing functions. Proper dome gas pressure is determined based on the area ratio between the piston seal and seat, and is a function of valve size; values are indicated in Section 4.1 of this manual.

The F9000 uses an elastomeric seat on the piston to achieve tight shut-off. An O-ring piston seal prevents leakage from the dome to the outlet. Wear rings on the piston eliminate metal-to-metal contact with the liner and help to provide smooth and consistent operation.



2.2 SERVICE ENVELOPE

SEAT MATERIAL	PROCESS TEMP. (° F)		SET PRESSURE (psig)	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
Buna-N	-30	275	5	*
Viton	-30	400	5	*
Polyurethane	-60	225	5	*
EPR	-65	325	5	*

* Max. pressure depends on application and available regulators; contact Flow Safe.

2.3 INSTALLATION

CAUTION: Use lifting brackets provided on the cap for lifting the entire valve assembly. The dome reservoir may be rigged around its base only for removal of the cap during maintenance.

NOTE: The F9000 is supplied with the dome chamber evacuated, following tests for pressure integrity at Flow Safe. The user must provide dome gas per the instructions below.

The F9000 Series surge relief valve should be installed in the upright position in accordance with accepted piping practices.

Verify set pressure according to system requirements. After connection of the external gas source, charge the dome with a pressure value corresponding to set pressure in accordance with Section 4.1. Adjustment of the regulator may be required.

If a block valve is used below the relief valve, it should be opened before pressurizing the system. This block valve should be locked open during normal system operation.

2.4 STARTUP

Pressure can be applied to the valve as system pressure increases, or by slowly opening the block valve (if there is one) after the system has attained operating pressure. The piston should stay seated as long as operating pressure remains below set pressure. Verify that the valve seat is leak-tight, in accordance with Section 4.2.

The valve is now ready for service. Inspection and maintenance should be performed on a regular basis, typically once a year, depending on the service conditions.

3.0 MAIN VALVE MAINTENANCE

3.1 DISASSEMBLY OF THE F9000 SERIES MAIN VALVE

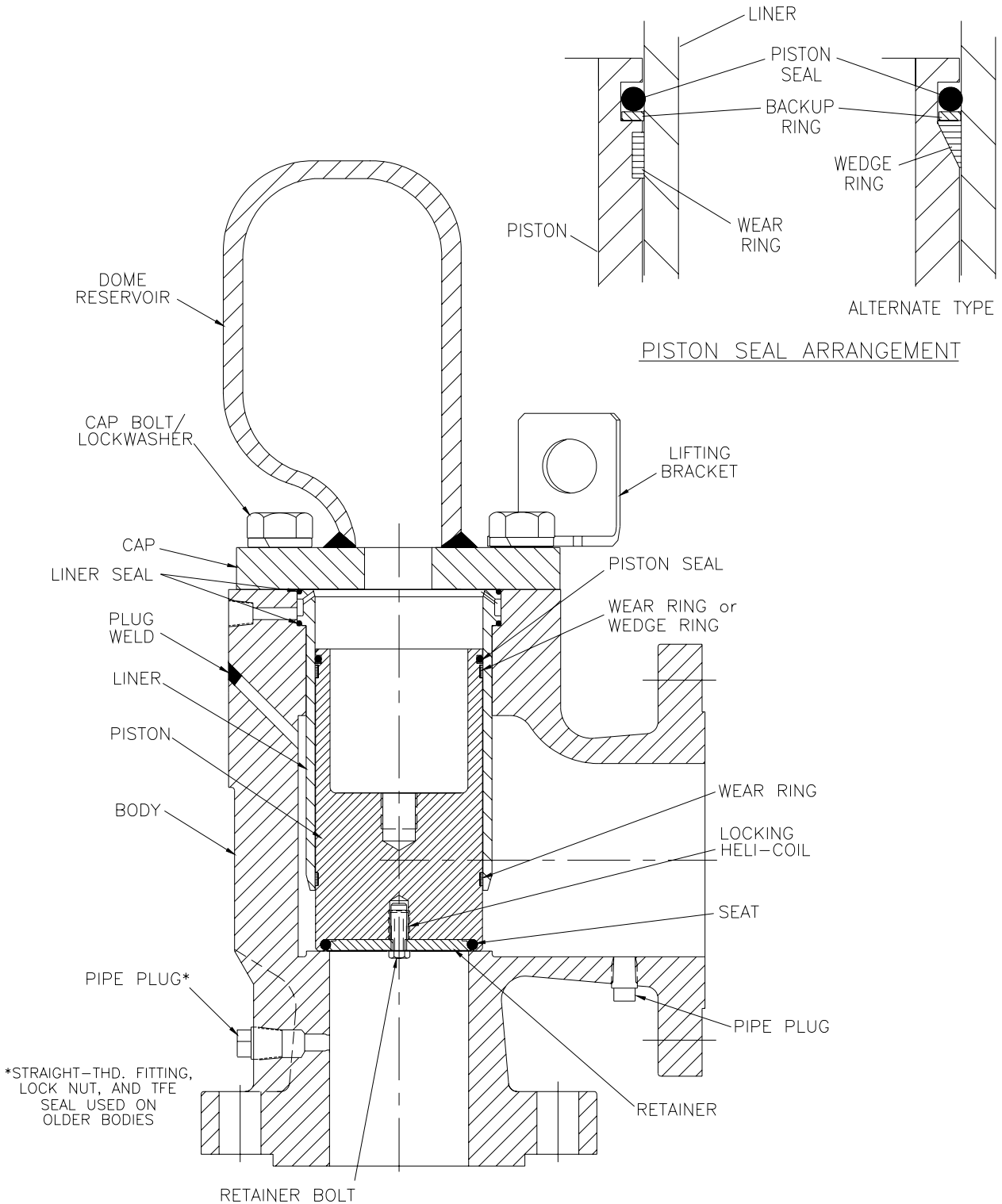
(See Illustration on Page 7)

CAUTION: Do not attempt to disassemble any valve while it remains in service with incoming line pressure.

CAUTION: Relieve or isolate system inlet pressure before bleeding off dome pressure. Removing dome pressure first will open the valve if the inlet is pressurized.

- 1) Remove the valve from service, or safely block the incoming pressure before disassembling the valve and performing maintenance.
- 2) If necessary, remove the regulator and other connected components.
- 3) Remove the bolts, lockwashers, and any lifting brackets that hold the valve cap in place.
- 4) With the cap and dome reservoir assembly removed, remove the top liner seal.
- 5) Carefully reach into the valve and remove the piston assembly. Newer pistons may have an interior threaded hole in which a cap bolt can be inserted to use for lifting. Note that the liner may come out with the piston assembly. Care must be taken during this removal because any damage might result in a sealing problem after the valve is reassembled.
- 6) The liner may then be removed; again, care must be taken not to damage the liner. Do not attempt to pry or force the liner out as you may score the surface and cause a sealing problem.
- 7) Remove the retainer bolt and seat retainer.
- 8) Replace softgoods in the piston and liner per the instructions in Section 3.2. Replacement soft goods are listed in Section 6.0 of this manual.

**ASSEMBLY ILLUSTRATION OF THE
F9000 MAIN VALVE:**



3.2 REASSEMBLY OF THE F9000 SERIES MAIN VALVE

- 1) Reassembly of these valves is basically the reverse of disassembly. Care must be taken in the handling of all items, particularly sealing surfaces and softgoods. All parts should be clean and free of any debris or contaminants.
- 2) Reinstall the liner and liner seals into the body. Do not nick or excessively stretch the liner seal O-rings. The bottom O-ring may be carefully set in its sealing area in the body before the liner is inserted, or it may be fitted onto the liner and, if necessary, held in place with a suitable lubricant (e.g., Dow Corning 33 or Molykote). Lightly press top seal into place in its groove, such that it is evenly spread around the liner circumference and will not be pinched by the cap.
- 3) Insert the O-ring seat into the bottom of the piston, using care to position the seat completely within the piston cavity. **NOTE** that any scratches, gouges, or particles on the seat may result in a sealing problem. Carefully position the retainer plate over the seat. Apply Loctite or Vibra-tite to the retainer bolt. Insert bolt and tighten to: 4-5 ft-lbs (1/4" bolt); 12-14 ft-lbs (3/8"); 34-37 ft-lbs (1/2"); 120 ft-lbs (3/4"). **IMPORTANT:** Retainer bolt must meet firm resistance against locking Heli-Coil in piston. Replace Heli-Coil if worn or damaged.
- 4) Install piston seal. Dow Corning 33 or equivalent may be lightly applied to the O-ring.
- 5) Fit the wear/wedge ring(s) in their proper groove in the piston assembly. On the wedge ring only, coat the outboard surface with Desco 600 grease. While holding the rings (especially the free ends) in place, lower the piston assembly into the liner. It is critically important that this installation result in even seating of the soft seat onto the raised nozzle lip in the valve body.
- 6) After checking placement of the top liner seal [see Step (2)], the valve cap can be positioned on top of the body.
- 7) The cap bolts, with washers, can then be reinserted and torqued to the values listed below.

<u>Main Valve Size</u>	<u>Cap Bolt Size</u>	<u>Torque (ft-lbs)</u>
1x2, 1-1/2x3, 2x3, 4x6 (thru ANSI 600)	1/2-20UNF	55
6x8	5/8-18UNF	80
3x4, 4x6 (ANSI 900/1500), 8x10, 12x16	3/4-16UNF	150

- 8) If removed previously, reinstall the regulator and associated components. Apply Teflon tape or joint compound to all pipe threads.
- 9) The main valve is now completely assembled, and should be reset and tested per Section 4.0 before being returned to service.

4.0 SET PRESSURE ADJUSTMENT AND MAIN VALVE TESTING

4.1 Set Pressure Adjustment

Set pressure is the inlet supply pressure at which the main valve piston begins to open. This pressure is determined by a corresponding fixed gas pressure in the dome, as follows:

<u>F9000 Valve Size</u>	<u>Dome Pressure % at Set Point *</u>	<u>F9000 Valve Size</u>	<u>Dome Pressure % at Set Point *</u>
1 x 2	50 %	6 x 8	80 %
1-1/2 x 3	63	8 x 10	84
2 x 3	68	12 x 16	73
3 x 4	76		
4 x 6	76		

* Dome pressure as a percentage of inlet pressure, to achieve initial main valve piston lift

Example: For a 3x4 to begin discharging through the outlet at a set point of 150 psig, dome pressure is maintained at approx. 114 psig (0.76 x 150).

4.2 Testing of the Main Valve Subassembly

When main valve reassembly is complete, the assembly should be tested for leakage and piston lift on a test stand according to the following:

- 1) To test the piston seal and liner seals, pressurize the dome with supplied gas up to the value corresponding to set pressure. With a bubble tester, wet paper towel, or plastic wrap covering the outlet, verify that there is no leakage. Also verify no leakage around the cap and cap bolts by spraying the area thoroughly with soapy water.
- 2) To test the main valve seat, re-pressurize the dome as in (1), and introduce pressure at the inlet up to 90% of set pressure. Check for leakage at the main valve outlet.
- 3) With no pressure to the dome, pressurize the inlet up to 5 psig. The piston should open slightly, allowing air to discharge through the outlet of the valve.
- 4) To check for full piston travel, install a blind flange on the valve outlet. Isolate the dome supply valve and pressurize the inlet up to 5 psig. The piston should fully lift and hit the bottom of the cap. Shut off inlet pressure and remove the blind flange, and verify that the piston is nearly flush with the bottom of the liner.
- 5) If any of these tests fail, disassemble the valve and examine the soft goods for contamination or damage, or consult the troubleshooting guide in Section 5.0 of this manual.

5.0 TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE:

Symptom	Possible Cause	Remedy
The main valve leaks around the cap.	Inadequate or uneven bolt torque.	Retighten the cap bolts per Section 3.2.
	Sealing surface on cap is damaged.	Repair defect or replace cap.
	Upper liner seal is damaged or contaminated.	If damaged, replace with new seal(s). If contaminated, clean and reinstall.
The main valve leaks through the outlet.	Damage to, or contamination on: piston seat or main valve nozzle, piston seal / sealing surface, or lower liner seal / sealing surface.	Disassemble the valve, remove the piston and liner, and examine the seat, seals, and sealing surfaces under magnification. If damaged, replace with new part(s); if contaminated, clean and reinstall.
	Dome is not loading properly through regulator.	See "The main valve does not close."
The main valve does not close.	Obstruction in dome gas supply fittings or components.	Clean / unplug.
	Regulator has malfunctioned or is improperly set.	Test regulator for adjustability and proper output (See Section 4.1). Repair / replace as necessary.
	Piston is stuck in liner.	Disassemble and ensure wear rings / wedge ring are completely in groove. Check for excessive debris or damage to piston or liner.
	Seat or piston / liner seal is leaking, preventing piston from reseating.	Disassemble valve; check the seat and seals for damage or improper installation. Replace / reinstall as necessary.
The main valve does not open.	Regulator has malfunctioned or is improperly set.	Test regulator for adjustability and proper output (See Section 4.1). Repair / replace as necessary.
	Inlet line blocked.	Clear blockage in a safe manner.
	Outlet line blocked.	Clear blockage in a safe manner.
	Piston is stuck in liner.	Disassemble and ensure wear rings / wedge ring are completely in groove. Check for excessive debris or damage to piston or liner.

TITLE: F9000 Series
Surge Relief Valve

Rev. A
Page 11 of 11

6.0 SOFTGOODS KITS

NOTE: Provide valve serial number(s) whenever possible when ordering softgoods kits.

Valve Size	Kit Part Number
1 x 2	MV75-01X02- DXY
1-1/2 x 3	MV75-15X03- DXY
2 x 3	MV75-02X03- DXY
3 x 4	MV75-03X04- DXY
4 x 6	MV75-04X06- DXY
6 x 8	MV75-06X08- DXY
8 x 10	MV75-08X10- DXY
12 x 16	MV75-12X16- DXY

<u>X / Y = Seat / Seal Material</u>		<u>D = Seat Hardness</u>	
Code		Code	
B	Buna-N	5	Soft: ≤ 50 psig
V	Viton	7	Medium: 51-999 psig
U	Polyurethane	9	Hard: ≥ 1000 psig
E	EPR / EPDM	0	"Universal": 1 each of above seats
Z	Kalrez		
C	Chemraz		
N	Lo-temp nitrile		<i>These pressure ranges are approximate only.</i>

Most common materials listed; contact Flow Safe for availability of other materials.

Main Valve Softgoods Kit contents:

<u>Standard kit</u>	<u>Qty.</u>
Seat	1
Liner seal	2
Piston seal	1
Piston seal B/U ring	1
Wear ring	2 *
Rear Teflon seal	1 **

* Wedge ring substituted for one wear ring for applicable valves (provide serial number).

** For valves without NPT-type plug near inlet.